## Population and Health-Resource Classification <br> New York Rural Primary Care Service Areas (PCSAs)



| Type | N <br> $($ USA $)$ | N <br> $(\mathrm{NY})$ | Facility <br> Resources | Provider <br> Resources | Economic <br> Resources | Age <br> Distribution* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 6 | 1 | Extremely High | Average | Average | Average |
| 2 | 59 | 3 | Very High | Average | Average | Average |
| 3 | 318 | 11 | High | Average | Average | Average |
| 4 | 179 | 9 | Average | Very High | Average | Average |
| 5 | 686 | 38 | Average | High | Average | Average |
| 6 | 743 | 29 | Average | Low | High | Average |
| 7 | 574 | 16 | Average | Average | High | Low |
| 8 | 364 | 8 | Average | Average | Average | High |
| 9 | 771 | 2 | Average | Average | Low | Average |
| 10 | 319 | 2 | Average | Average | Low | Low |

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[^0]:    * Age distribution is a composite measure based on population proportion age 65 and over and under age 18. "High" means a larger proportion age 65 and over and lower proportion under age 18. "Low" means a lower proportion age 65 and over and higher proportion under age 18.
    Produced by: RUPRI Center for Rural Health Policy Analysis, 2014; Data Source: Dartmouth Atlas PCSAs, classified using multiple data sources

