MEDICARE PAYMENT POLICIES

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Components of this Presentation:

What Drives Medicare Payment Policy?

What are the Issues In:

- Hospital Payment
- Physician Payment
- Other Payment Systems
 - Skilled Nursing Care
 - Home Health Care
 - Ambulance Services

What Drives Medicare Policy?

- Considerations of Underlying Philosophy
- □ Is the goal of payment policy to:
 - 1. Pay the marginal cost of treating Medicare beneficiaries?
 - Pay the total cost of treating Medicare beneficiaries, including fixed costs of the provider, which could include caring for the uninsured?
 - 3. Pay for total cost plus a rate of return for reinvestment?
 - 4. Pay for total costs and reinvestment, plus other desirable services such as medical education?

Answer: Miles Law

Where you stand depends on where you sit

- 1. Fiduciary responsibility: marginal costs (MedPAC, CMS, elected officials)
- 2. Perception of fairness: total costs (Providers, beneficiaries, elected officials)
- 3. Perception of fair share: include reinvestment (Providers, communities)
- 4. Assurance of long term access (advocates, beneficiaries)
- Pogo: We have seen the enemy, and they are us

The Effects of Where We Sit

Definition of cost

- Medicare cost reports?
- Hospital financial statements?
- Definition of fair payment
 - Marginal cost?
 - Effect on margins?
 - Compared to others?

The context for decisions of Congress and Administration

Hospital Payment

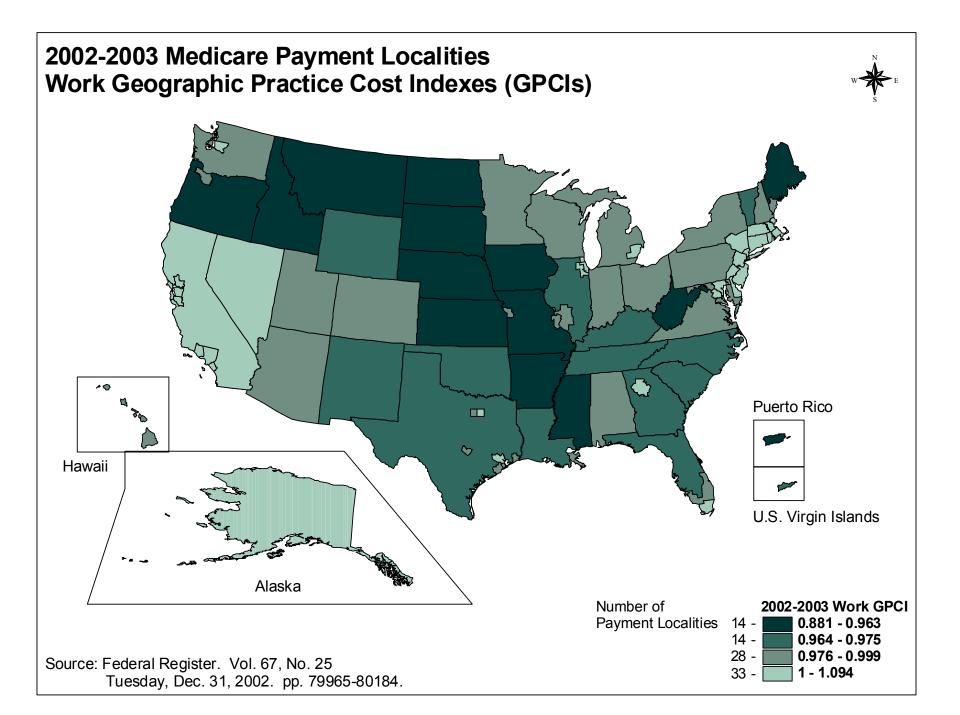
- PPS updates for inpatient and outpatient
- Standardized payment
- Wage Index
- Questions
 - 1. Link to hospital viability?
 - 2. Lead to cost shifting?
 - 3. Are differences in payment disparities in payment?

Physician Payment

Updates and reasons for recent declines

Component parts

Difference or disparity?



Long Term Care Services

Skilled Nursing Care services and PPS

Home Health Care services and PPS

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adopted new payment schedule

- increases for urban and rural providers (2%, 5%) in S1
- HR1 has regional approach to provide \$200 million in relief over 10 year period when payment is less than previous allowable charges
- HR1 has \$400 million in relief for providers who serve the most rural 25% of Medicare patients

RUPRI Center for Rural Health Policy Analysis



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